

generated January 2024

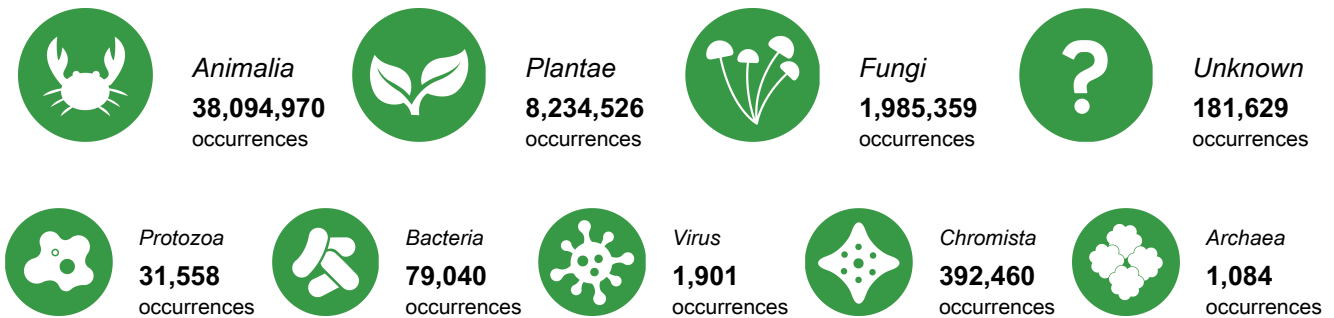
## Norway

This report provides a series of summary charts, statistics and other details about the mobilization and use of open-access species data through the GBIF network, relating to users and participating institutions in Norway. These metrics show status at the time of report generation, unless otherwise noted. Taken together, the elements of this report can help guide and measure progress toward the information needs for biodiversity research, as well as for national commitments on biodiversity and sustainable development.

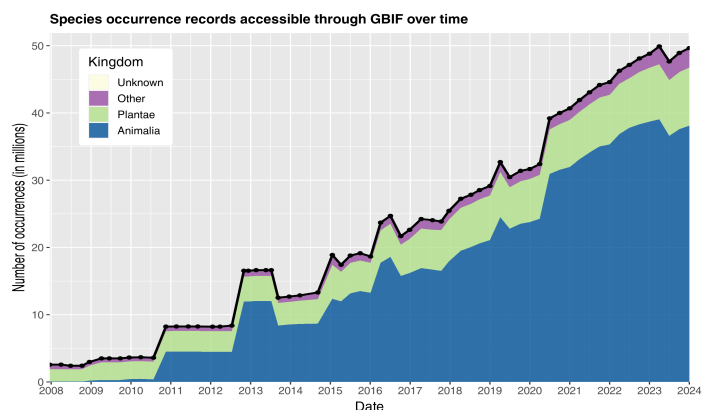
### ► Access and usage



### ► Data availability in Norway



### ► Data mobilization

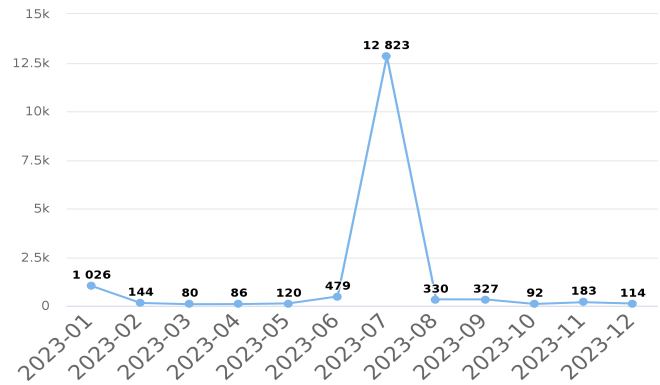
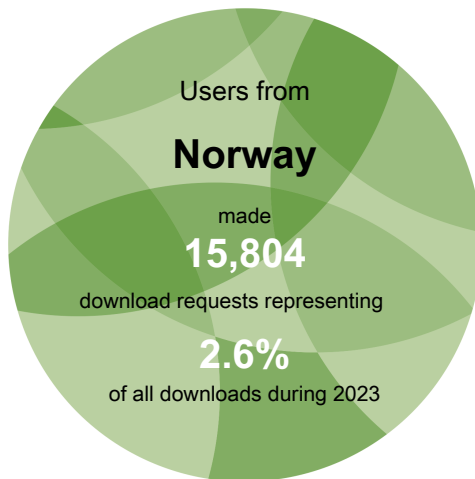


Number of records published by institutions in Norway, categorized by kingdom



## Access and usage

### Data downloads on GBIF.org from users in Norway



Monthly downloads requested by users in Norway

### Recent peer-reviewed articles using GBIF-mediated data by co-authors based in Norway

The GBIF Secretariat maintains and reports on an ongoing literature tracking programme, giving priority to substantive uses of GBIF-mediated data in peer-reviewed literature while identifying the countries or areas of the authors' institutional affiliations. The citations below represent the five most recent journal articles with at least one co-author from Norway.

Those interested in assisting the Secretariat in identifying additional peer-reviewed uses of GBIF-mediated data may forward relevant citations to [comms@gbif.org](mailto:comms@gbif.org).

Domahovski, Alasmar, Cavichioli *et al.* (2023) First record and description of the female genitalia of *Palingonalia subta* Freytag & Vargas, 2007 (Hemiptera, Cicadellidae, Cicadellini) from Amazonas state, Brazil, and distribution map for the genus. *Check List*.  
<https://doi.org/10.15560/19.6.965>

Loos, Bafort, Bosch *et al.* (2023) Non-indigenous seaweeds in the Northeast Atlantic Ocean, the Mediterranean Sea and Macaronesia: a critical synthesis of diversity, spatial and temporal patterns. *European Journal of Phycology*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/09670262.2023.2256828>

Hostens, Van Meerbeek, Wiegmans *et al.* (2023) The drivers of dark diversity in the Scandinavian mountains are metric-dependent. *Journal of Vegetation Science*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/jvs.13212>

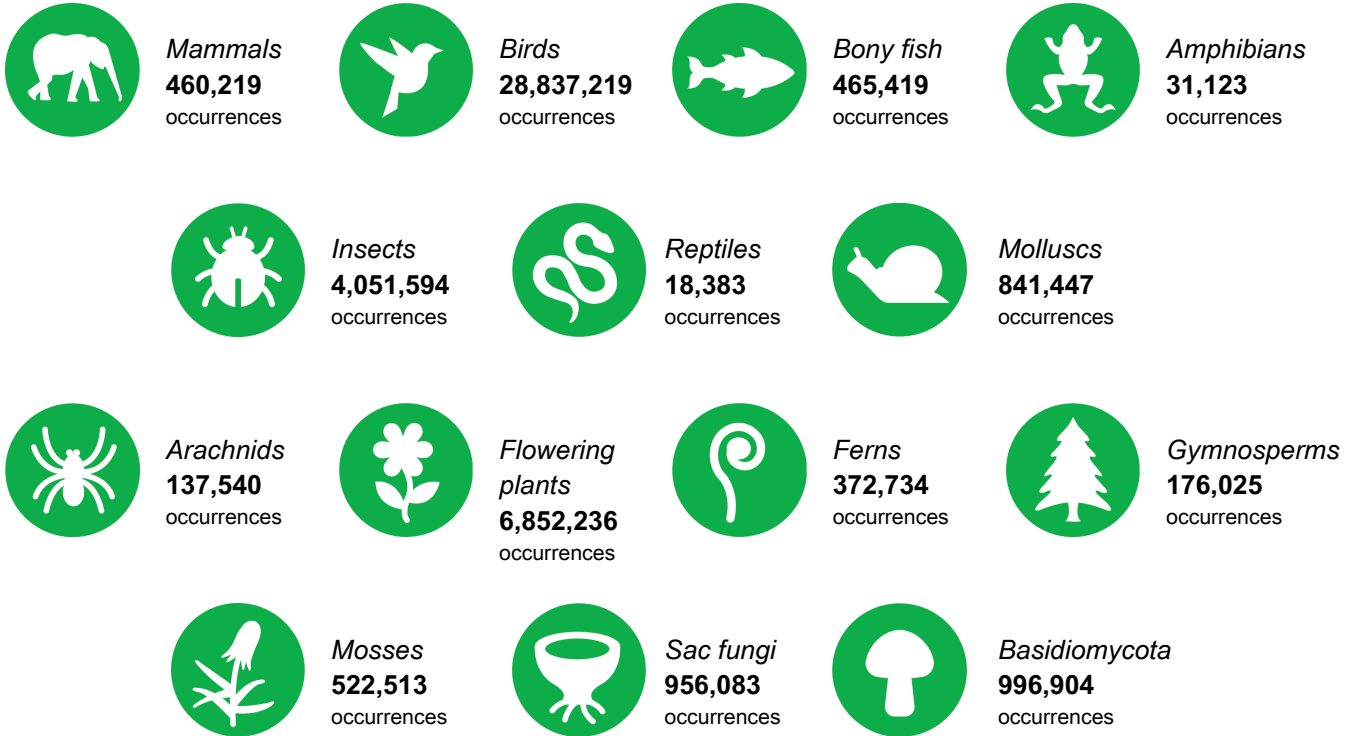
Ahmed, Chala, Kufa *et al.* (2023) Potential changes in the extent of suitable habitats for geladas (*Theropithecus gelada*) in the Anthropocene. *BMC Ecology and Evolution*.  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12862-023-02173-3>

Birhane, Gidey, Abrha *et al.* (2023) Impact of land-use and climate change on the population structure and distribution range of the rare and endangered *Dracaena ombet* and *Dobera glabra* in northern Ethiopia. *Journal for Nature Conservation*.



## Data availability

### Total data available for selected taxonomic groups in Norway



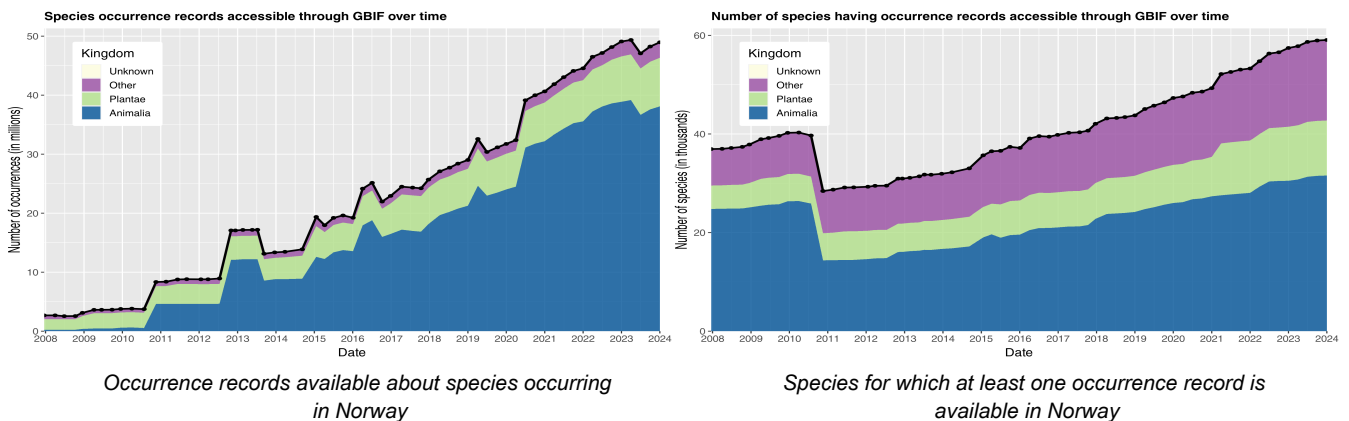
Mammals = Class *Mammalia*  
Birds = Class *Aves*  
Bony fish = Superclass  
*Osteichthyes* p.p.  
Amphibians = Class *Amphibia*

Insects = Class *Insecta*  
Reptiles = Class *Testudines*,  
*Sphenodontia*, *Squamata* &  
*Crocodylia*  
Molluscs = Phylum *Mollusca*

Arachnids = Class *Arachnida*  
Flowering plants = Phylum  
*Magnoliophyta*  
Gymnosperms = Superclass  
*Gymnospermae*

Ferns = Phylum *Pteridophyta*  
Mosses = Phylum *Bryophyta*  
Sac fungi = Phylum *Ascomycota*  
Basidiomycota = Phylum  
*Basidiomycota*

### Change over time in records about biodiversity in Norway



#### WHY MIGHT THE AMOUNT OF MOBILIZED DATA DECREASE?

Datasets are sometimes removed by publishers, but more often decreases in the number of records are due to the removal of duplicate records and datasets.

**SPECIES COUNTS** represent the number of binomial scientific names for which GBIF has received data records, organized as far as possible using synonyms recorded in key databases like the Catalogue of Life



### Most recent datasets from publishers in Norway

Mapping of Scrobipalpa reiprichi - Plants. *Published by Norwegian Institute for Nature Research*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/udd73h>

Monitoring management actions for Dracocephalum ruyschiana. *Published by Norwegian Institute for Nature Research*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/ub34jj>

Monitoring of Herminium monorchis. *Published by Norwegian Institute for Nature Research*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/rt6t88>

Artsprosjekt\_4-20\_Archaeorhizomycetes. *Published by UiO Department of Biosciences*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/8q2au6>

Regulation effect in river Nea. *Published by Norwegian Institute for Nature Research*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/c9rsg7>

Mesozooplankton abundance, biomass and copepod secondary production at the Barents Sea polar front, June 2011. *Published by UiT The Arctic University of Norway*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/vhj6jj>

Historical peatland data extracted from Myrselskap reports. *Published by Norwegian Institute for Nature Research*  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/g753zh>

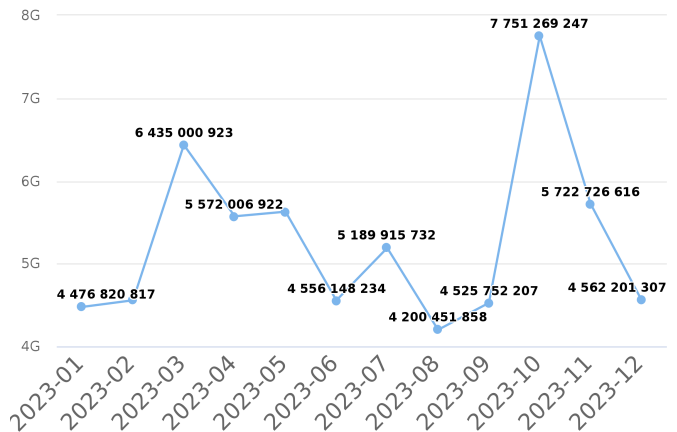
See all datasets from this country or area: [gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing\\_country=NO](https://gbif.org/dataset/search?publishing_country=NO)

### Newest publishers from Norway

- Equinor
- The Nansen Legacy Project
- BIOREHAB KLEPSLAND
- Akvaplan-niva
- DNV

See all publishers from this country or area  
[gbif.org/publisher/search?country=NO](https://gbif.org/publisher/search?country=NO)

### Occurrence records downloaded from GBIF.org, published by institutions in Norway

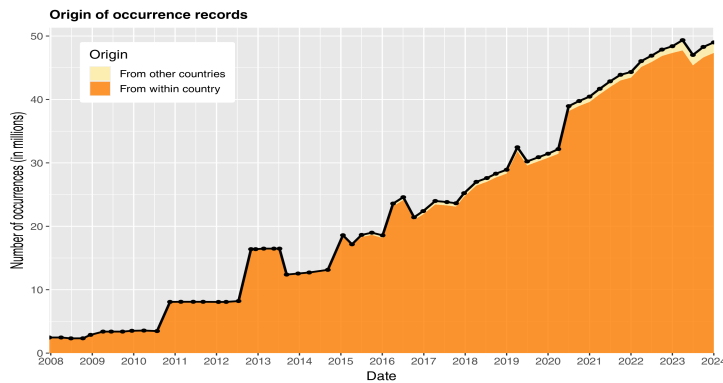


Number of occurrence records downloaded via GBIF.org published by institutions in Norway

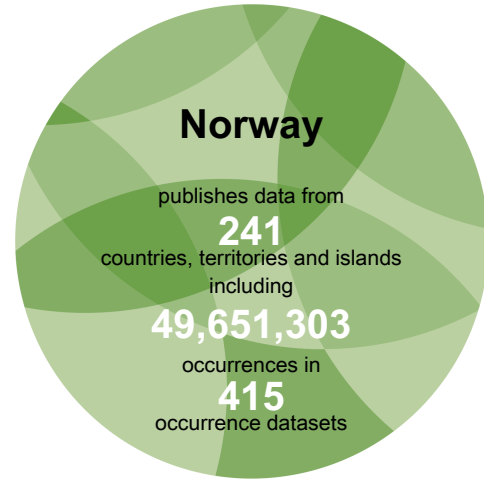


## Data mobilization

### Data sharing with country or area of origin by national institutions in Norway



Data sharing with country or area of origin



The chart above shows the number of records shared over time by publishers within Norway, with separate colours for records about species occurring within undefined and those occurring elsewhere.

### Top data contributors about biodiversity in Norway

Rank	Country or area	No. of occurrences
1	Norway	47,368,016
2	United Kingdom	320,962
3	United States of America	227,859
4	Estonia	220,670
5	Sweden	208,480
6	Netherlands	201,359
7	International organization or unknown country	104,665
8	Germany	95,975
9	Belgium	82,448
10	France	55,022

Table 1. Ranking of countries or areas contributing data about Norway

### Top datasets contributing data about Norway

Norwegian Species Observation Service. *31,020,179 occurrences in Norway.* (Last updated 26 Dec 2023)

Norwegian Biodiversity Information Centre - Other datasets. *2,962,169 occurrences in Norway.* (Last updated 26 Dec 2023)

Environmental Monitoring database (MOD) DNV. *2,158,601 occurrences in Norway.* (Last updated 9 Aug 2023)

Vascular Plants, Field notes, Oslo (O). *1,218,925 occurrences in Norway.* (Last updated 6 Dec 2019)

EOD – eBird Observation Dataset. *1,115,437 occurrences in Norway.* (Last updated 20 Aug 2023)

See all contributing countries and areas or datasets: [gbif.org/country/NO/about](https://gbif.org/country/NO/about)



## Norway participates in the following projects coordinated by GBIF

### GBIF in Central Asia: new aspects of development

*Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2023–2024*

<https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2023-007>

### Unlocking Slovakia's biodiversity through data publishing

*Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2023–2024*

<https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2023-005>

### Kick-starting the biodiversity data publication process for Tajikistan

*Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2022–2023*

<https://www.gbif.org/project/CESP2022-001>

### European Bireme: EU Nodes in biodiversity reporting mechanisms

*Capacity Enhancement Support Programme, 2017–2018*

By detailing national reporting processes and data flows in several European Union member states, this project explored how changes to GBIF tools and procedures could streamline and improve biodiversity reporting across the region.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/83336>

### Mobilizing biodiversity data from ASEAN protected areas

*BIFA: Biodiversity Information Fund for Asia, 2016–2016*

The goal of this project was to facilitate the mobilization of biodiversity information from ASEAN Heritage Parks - regionally significant protected areas for biodiversity.

<https://www.gbif.org/project/82651>

[See all GBIF projects  
gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project](https://www.gbif.org/resource/search?contentType=project)